



Institut of Numerical Mathematics

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Quiz 6

High Performance Computing I (WS 2016/2017)

Deadline: 12 January 2018, 2pm

For a regular $m \times n$ matrix A the LU-factorization has the form

$$PA = LU$$

where P is a permutation matrix, L is lower triangular with unit diagonal elements (lower trapezoidal if $m > n$), and U is upper triangular (upper trapezoidal if $m < n$). An implementation can overwrite A compactly with L and U and we therefore denote such an operation by

$$A \leftarrow P^T(L \setminus U) \quad (\text{lu-variant}).$$

Assuming an algorithm lu_unblk is known we can define algorithm lu_blk as follows:

- if $\min\{m, n\} < bs_{\min} := 2^k$ (for fixed $k \geq 0$)

$$A \leftarrow P(L \setminus U) \quad lu_unblk$$

- else chose $bs = \max\{2^\ell : 2^\ell < \min\{m, n\}\}$ and proceed for

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{c|c} A_{0,0} & A_{0,bs} \\ \hline A_{bs,0} & A_{bs,bs} \end{array} \right)$$

as follows:

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} A_{0,0} \\ A_{bs,0} \end{array} \right) \leftarrow P^T \left(\begin{array}{c|c} L_{0,0} \setminus U_{0,0} \\ \hline L_{bs,0} \end{array} \right) \quad (\text{lu_blk})$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} A_{0,bs} \\ A_{bs,bs} \end{array} \right) \leftarrow P \left(\begin{array}{c} A_{0,bs} \\ A_{bs,bs} \end{array} \right) \quad (\text{swap})$$

$$A_{0,bs} \leftarrow L_{0,0}^{-1} A_{0,bs} \quad (\text{triangular solver})$$

$$A_{bs,bs} \leftarrow A_{bs,bs} - A_{bs,0} A_{0,bs} \quad (\text{matrix product})$$

$$A_{bs,bs} \leftarrow \tilde{P}^T (L_{bs,bs} \setminus U_{bs,bs}) \quad (\text{lu_blk})$$

$$A_{bs,0} \leftarrow \tilde{P} A_{bs,0} \quad (\text{swap})$$

Write a function *lu_blk_var2* that implements this algorithm. You can use the test cases from session 18. Chose $bs_{\min} = 4$. For the required unblocked LU-factorization you can use *lu_unblk_var1* or *lu_unblk_var2*.

Please submit your program "quiz06.cpp" as follows:

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thales$ submit hpc quiz06 quiz06.cpp
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