

Cate: A System for Analysis and Test of Java Card Applications

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The Smart Card Market

 **Telecommuni-
cations**



- Cards for GSM and UMTS (3G)

 **Banking**



- Bank and credit cards

 **Health**



- Health insurance cards
- Signature cards

 **Identification**



- ID- and signature cards

- Security and Authentication
- No Updates, Patches, Service Packs

- Software Quality
- Java Card

Cate: A System for Analysis and Test of Java Card Applications

Basic Idea:

By using **Java** as the programming language for card software, the usage of **program analysis tools** becomes feasible.



Overview:



Smart card basics:

Master/Slave Communication, Java Card



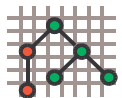
Static Analysis:

Command-Response behavior



Dynamic Analysis:

Test coverage

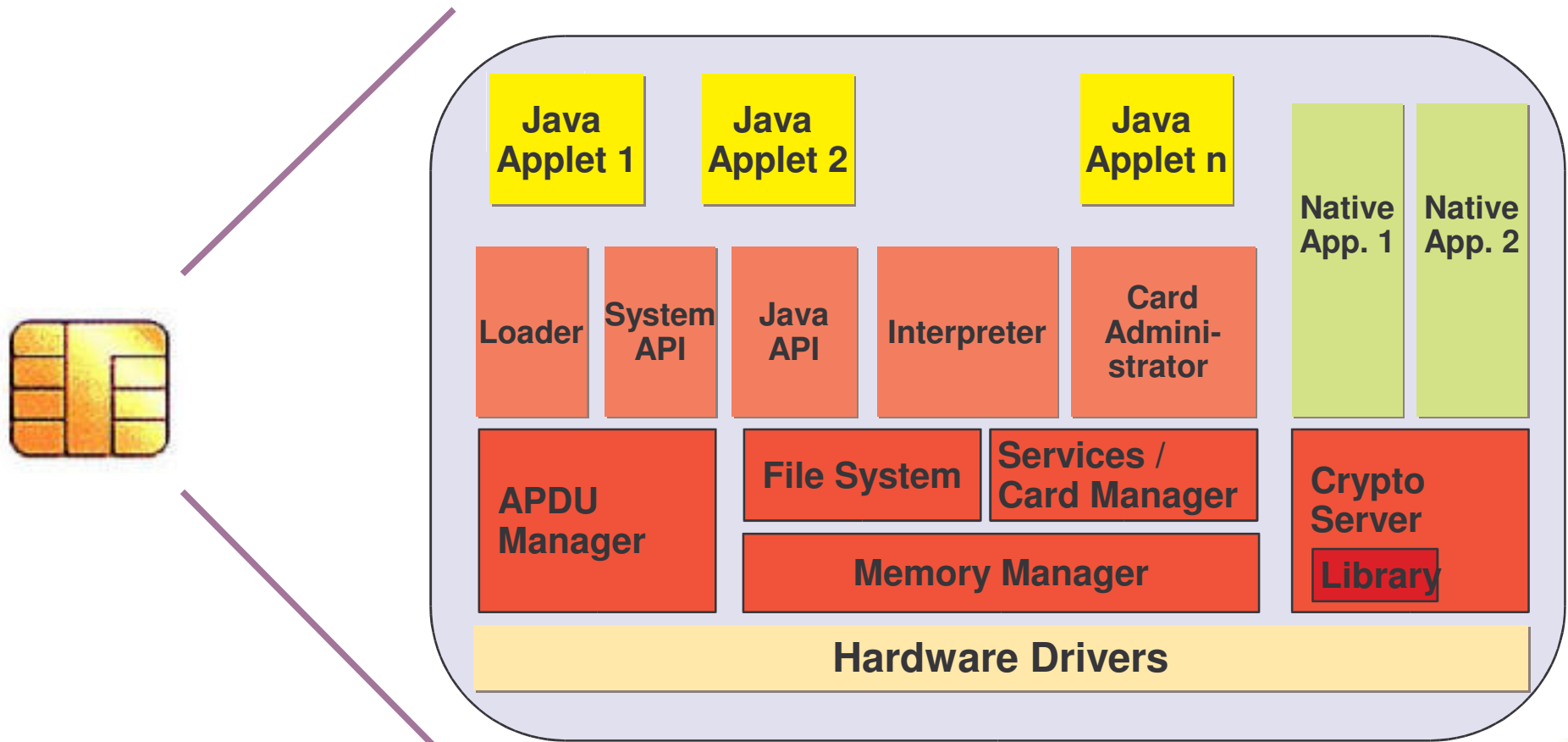


The Cate System:

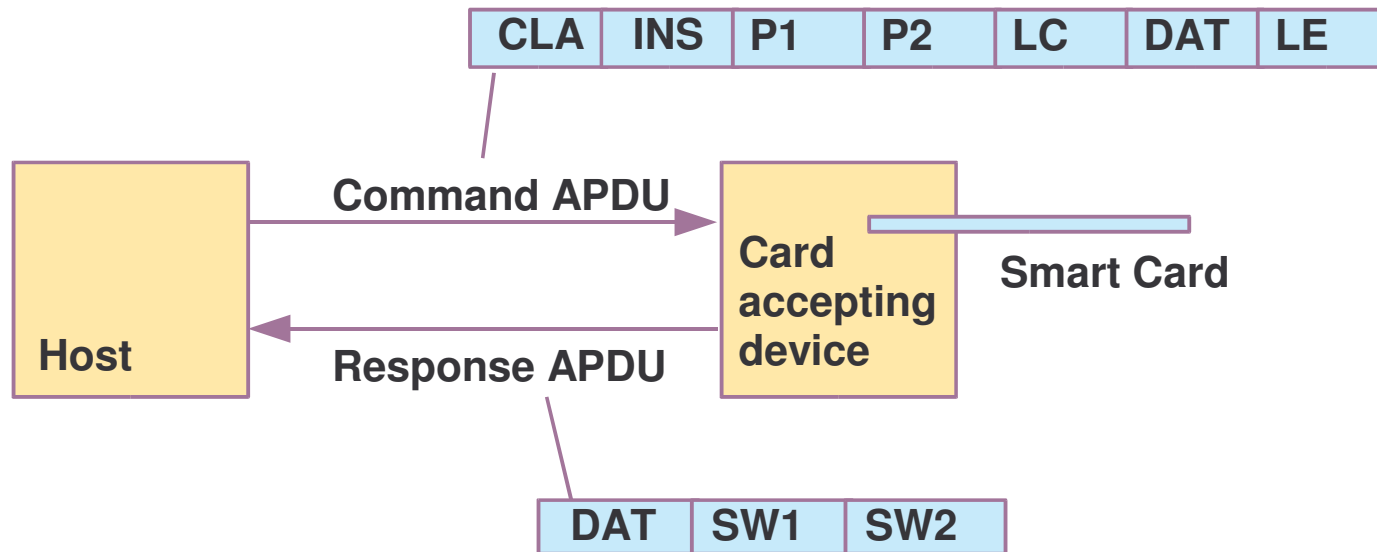
Practical experience

Java Card

Java Cards include a Java Virtual Machine (JVM) to run Java applications.



The smart card communication model: Master/Slave



Static Analysis of Command/Response Behavior

Typical Structure of a Java Card Applet

```
1 void process(APDU apdu) {
    byte [] buf = apdu.getBuffer();
    if (buf[CLA] == 0x80) {
2        switch (buf[INS]) {
3            case 0x20: ...
4            case 0x22: ...
5            case 0x24: ...
6            case 0x26: ...
7            default: ...
            }
        }
    else {
8        CardException.throwIt (0x6D00);
    }
9 }
```



Static Analysis of Command/Response Behavior

Typical Structure of a Java Card Applet

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7            default: ...  
            }  
        }  
    else {  
8        CardException.throwIt (0x6D00);  
    }  
9 }
```

Code Clichés

APDU fetch

APDU access

Control flow branching

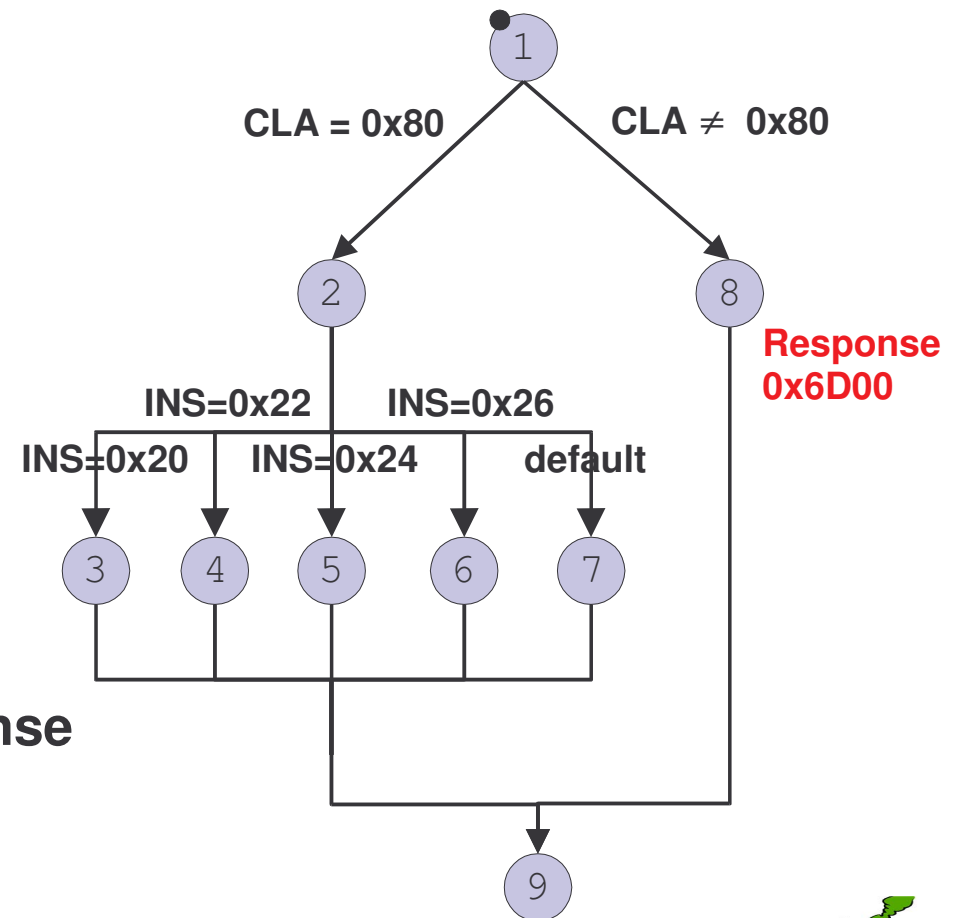
Return code generation



Static Analysis of Command/Response Behavior

Control Flow Analysis

Data Flow Analysis based on Clichés



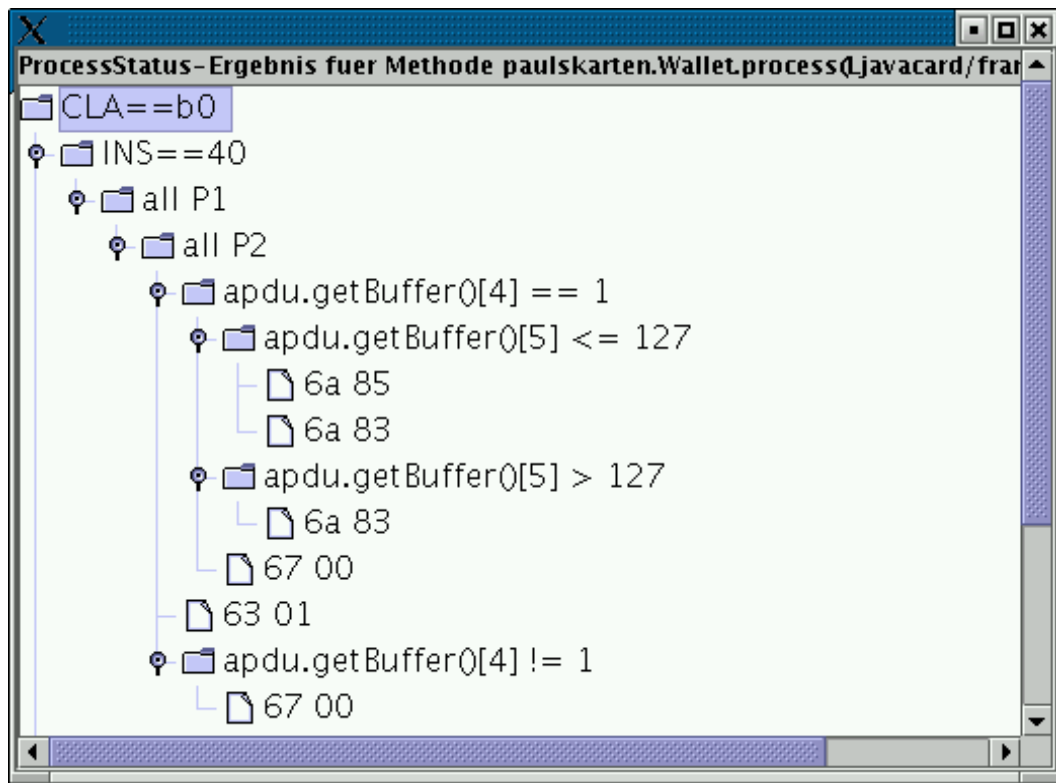
Results:

- Document listing the command/response combinations
- Annotated Control Flow Graph

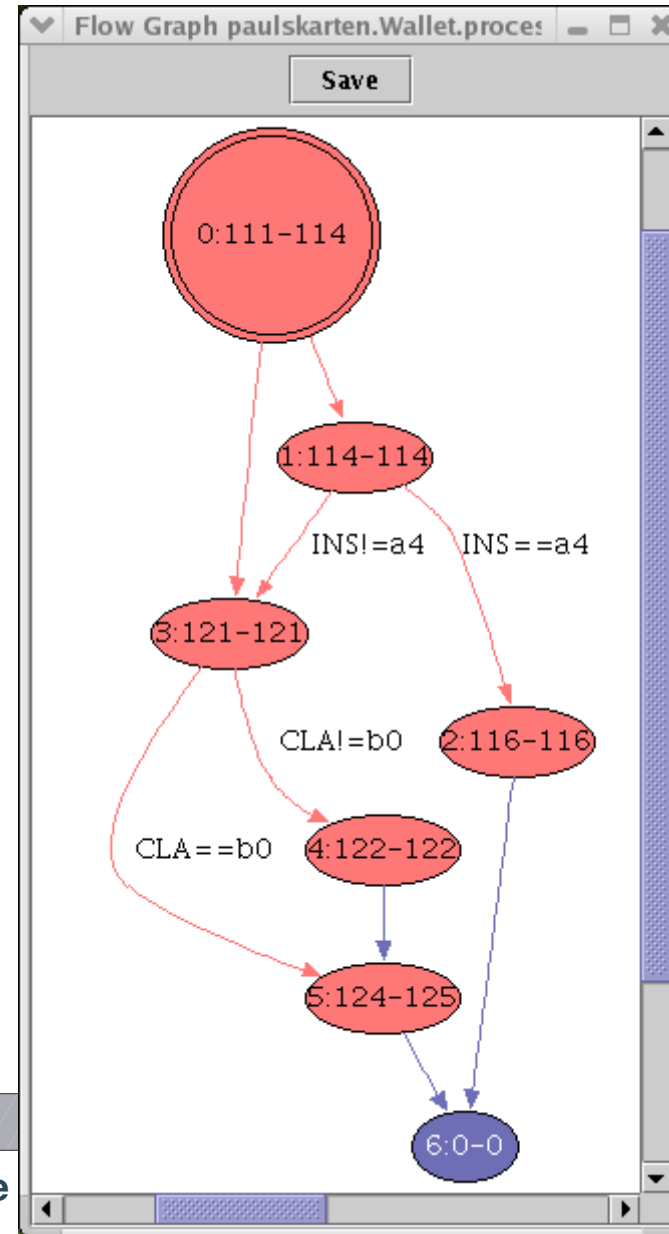


Static Analysis of Command/Response Behavior

Results of Static Analysis presented by Cate



Command/Response Combinations



Annotated
Control
Flow
Graph



Dynamic Test Coverage Analysis

Test engineers need:

- information about untested program locations
- a measurement of test quality (e.g. C_0 : basic block execution ratio)

Code coverage information can be gained by

- instrumentation of the card applet
- or profiling during card applet simulation

In practice coverage information turned out to be more valuable than the static analysis results.

Code Coverage	
Basic Block	Executed
B1	yes
B2	no
B3	yes
B4	no
B5	no
B6	yes

$C_0 = 3/6 = 50 \%$



Dynamic Test Coverage Analysis

Results of dynamic analysis presented by Cate

The screenshot displays the Cate IDE interface for a project named "Project democalculator". The interface is divided into several sections:

- Project Tree (Left):** Shows a hierarchical view of the project structure. Under "democalculator.DemoCalculator", the "process" method is highlighted, showing a coverage of 17/22 nodes and 26/33 edges.
- Code Editor (Right):** Displays the source code for the "process" method, which is a switch statement. The code is as follows:

```
switch (buffer[ISO7816.OFFSET_INS])
{
    case CALCULATE_INS:
        switch (buffer[ISO7816.OFFSET_P2])
        {
            case ADDITION:      m_remainingBytes = m_calculator.add(a
                                break;
            case SUBTRACTION:   m_remainingBytes = m_calculator.subtr
                                break;
            case MULTIPLICATION: m_remainingBytes = m_calculator.multi
                                break;
            case DIVISION:      m_remainingBytes = m_calculator.divid
                                break;
            default:
                IOException.throwIt(ISO7816.SW_INS_NOT_SUPPORTED);
        }

        IOException.throwIt((short) ((short) 0x9F00 + (short) m_remain

        break;
}

default:
```
- Test Results (Bottom):** Shows a list of test cases: "Test_001.scr", "Test_002.scr", and "Test_003.scr". The "Test_002.scr" case is selected, showing a "GET RESPONSE" test with a "sent" value of "0xa0 0xc0 0x00 0x00 0x02".



Combining the results of static and dynamic analyzes

Support for the construction of new test cases

The screenshot displays the Cate IDE interface. The main window shows a flow graph for the method `paulskarten.Wallet.switchOnInsByte(Ljavacard/framework/APDU;B)V`. The graph starts with a root node `0:127-127` (green circle) which branches into four nodes: `2:133-134`, `1:130-131`, `4:139-140`, and `5:142-144` (all green ovals). These four nodes converge into a final node `6:0-0` (red oval). Edges are labeled with conditions: `INS==40`, `INS==50`, `INS==20`, and `INS!=50 INS!=30 I`. A red arrow points from node `5:142-144` to a code window titled "Path to Block 5 of Method paulskarten.Wallet.switchOnInsByte(Ljavacard/framework/APDU;B)V".

```
0 paulskarten.Wallet.process(Ljavacard/framework/APDU;)V
0->3, executed
3->5, executed CLA==b0
1 paulskarten.Wallet.switchOnInsByte(Ljavacard/framework/APDU;B)V
0->5, not executed INS!=50 INS!=30 INS!=40 INS!=20
```

```
switch
{
case
getbalance(apdu);
return;
case DEBIT :
debit(apdu);
return;
case CREDIT :
credit(apdu);
return;
case VERIFY :
verify(apdu);
return;
default :
ISOException.throwIt(ISO7816.SW_INS_NO
}
```

At the bottom, the "Run Tests" panel shows a list of test cases and a log of communication:

- Select the installer applet
- begin installer command
- create wallet applet
- end installer command
- Select Wallet
- Verify user pin
- Get wallet balance

Log output:

```
sent: 0x00 0xa4 0x04 0x00 0x09 0xa0 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x62 0x03 0x01 0x08 0x01 0x7f
received: 0x90 0x00
expected: 0x90 0x00

begin installer command
sent: 0x80 0xb0 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x7f
received: 0x90 0x00
```



Cate System Overview

The screenshot displays the Cate IDE interface for a project named 'Project Soelden Ski Pass'. The main window is divided into several panes:

- Project Explorer (Left):** Shows a tree view of the project structure. Under 'javaPackage paulskarten (1 member(s))', there is a sub-package 'paulskarten.Wallet' containing files: 'debit 0/11 nodes, 4/16 edges', 'credit 0/11 nodes, 4/16 edges', '<init> 0/1 nodes, 0/0 edges', 'install 0/1 nodes, 0/0 edges', 'process 1/7 nodes, 3/9 edges' (highlighted), and 'decollect 0/1 nodes, 0/0 edges'.
- Source Editor (Center):** Displays Java code for the 'process' method. The code includes comments and logic for verifying command resets and handling CLA bytes. The visible code is:

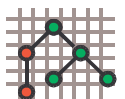
```
117
118     // verify the reset of commands have
119     // correct CLA byte, which specifies
120     // command structure
121     if (buffer [ISO7816.OFFSET_CLA] != Wal
122         ISOException.throwIt (ISO7816.SW_CLA
123
124         switchOnInsByte(apdu, buffer [ISO7816
125     } // end of process method
126
127     private void switchOnInsByte (APDU apdu,
128     {
129         switch (cla)
```
- Test Explorer (Bottom Left):** Shows a tree view of test files. Under 'TestFiles', there is a sub-package 'Test Apdus' containing a file 'wallet.scr' with test data: '0x00' and '0x14 0x00 0x00 0x05 0x01 0x'.
- Toolbar (Top Left):** Contains icons for project management, source browser, control flow analysis, CFG display, and command/response.
- Toolbar (Bottom Left):** Contains icons for test browser, simulator control, test execution, test evaluation, and coverage analysis.

Static Analysis

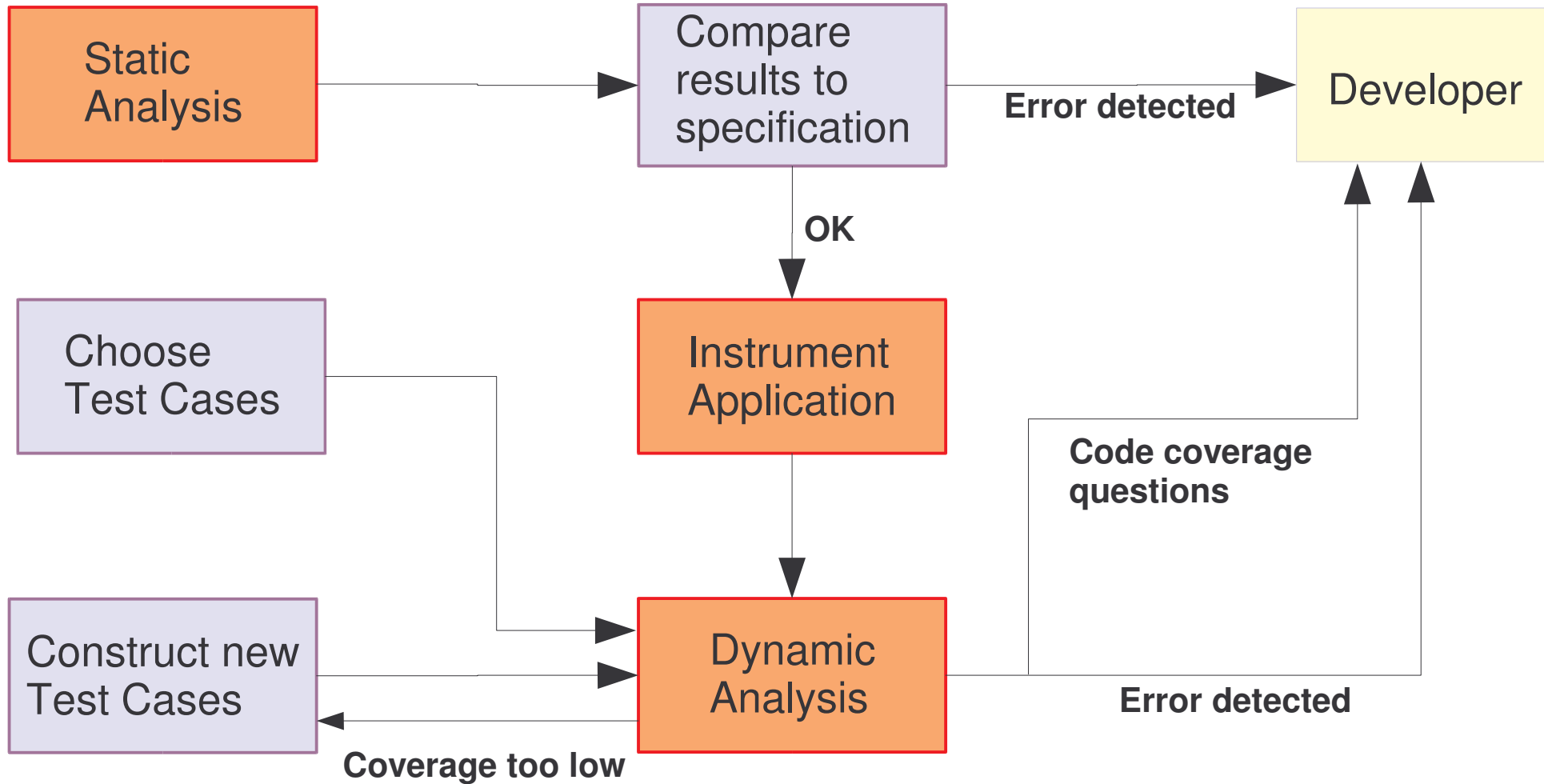
- " Project management
- " Source browser
- " Control flow analysis
- " CFG display
- " Command/response

Dynamic Analysis

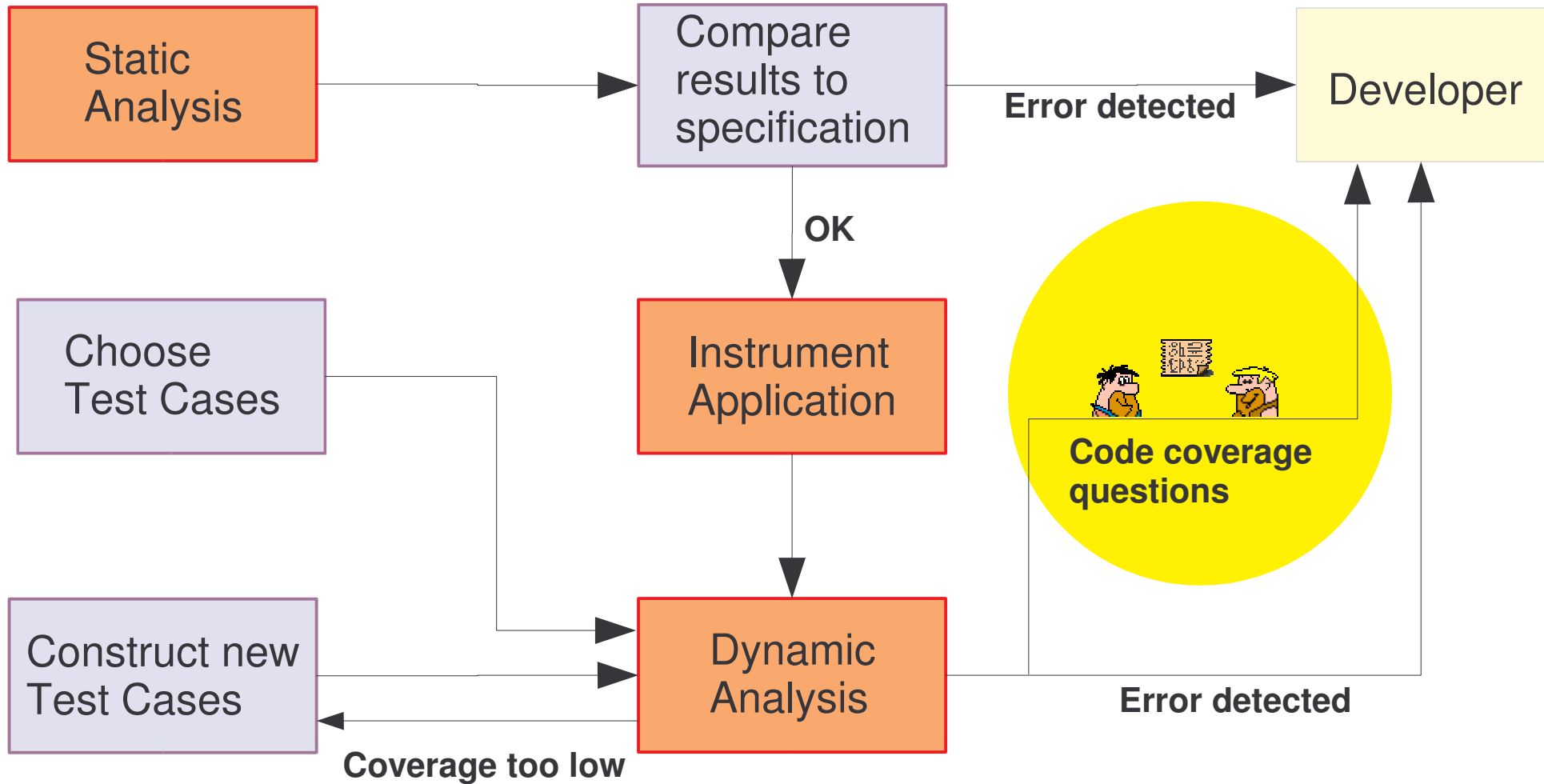
- " Test browser
- " Simulator control
- " Test execution
- " Test evaluation
- " Coverage analysis



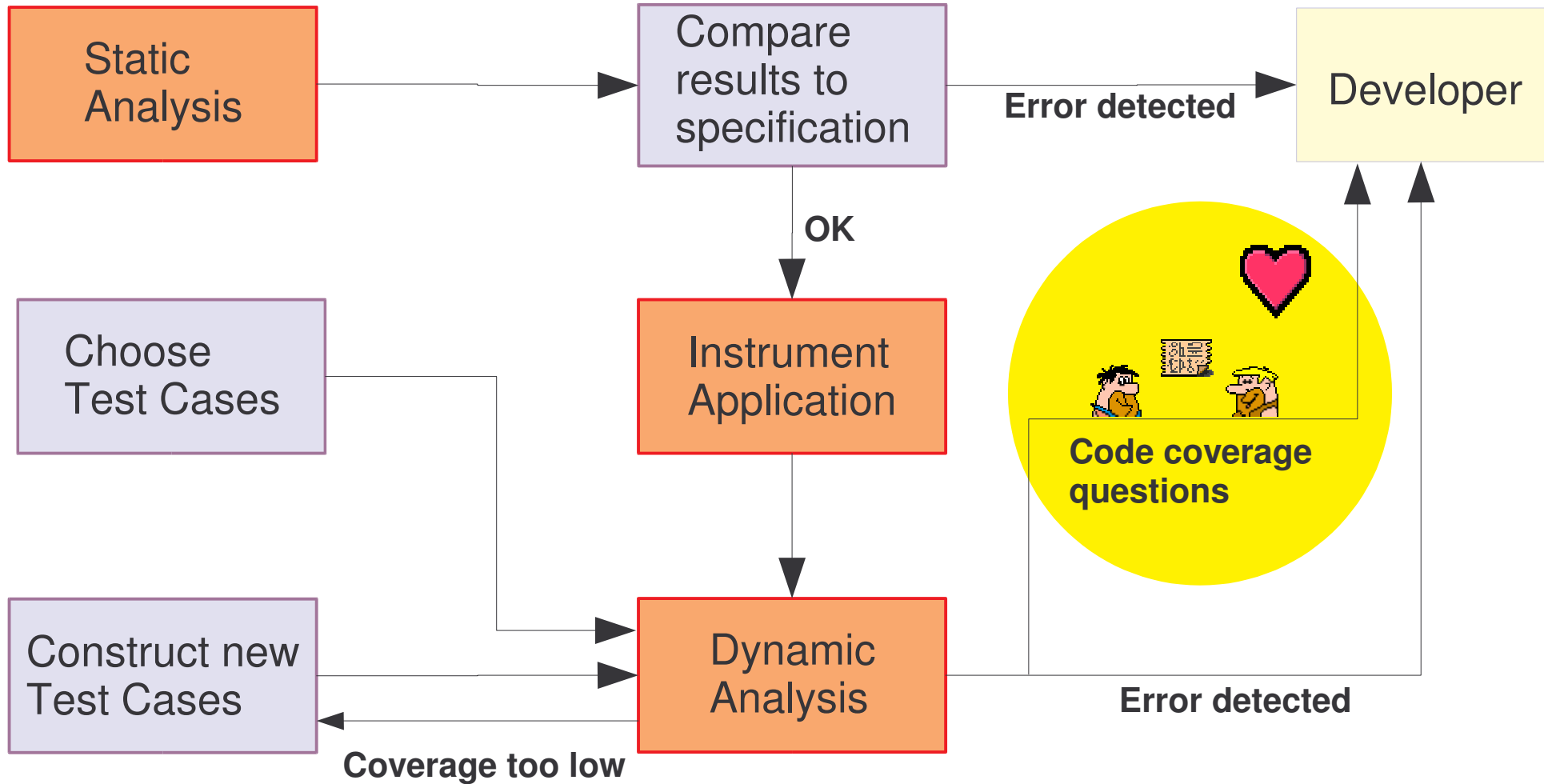
Applying the Cate System



Applying the Cate System



Applying the Cate System



Summary

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Smart card basics:

Master/Slave, Java Card



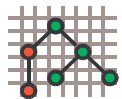
Static Analysis:

Command-Response behavior



Dynamic Analysis:

Test coverage



The Cate System:

Practical experience

